Force Plate (Order Code FP-BTA)



Designed for much higher forces than the Dual-Range Force Sensor, the Force Plate can measure the forces developed during stepping, jumping, and other human-scale actions. For example, you can perform the

- following kinds of experiments:
- Observe the change in normal force during an elevator ride.
- Measure the impulse delivered by the floor during a jump.
- Measure the reaction force as a student leans against a wall.

Note: Vernier products are designed for educational use. Our products are not designed nor are they recommended for any industrial, medical, or commercial process such as life support, patient diagnosis, control of a manufacturing process, or industrial testing of any kind.

What's Included

The Force Plate includes one pair of handles. They can be attached the back side of the Force Plate. Do not step on the Force Plate when the handles are attached.

Compatible Software

See www.vernier.com/manuals/fp-bta for a list of software compatible with the Vernier Force Plate.

Getting Started

- 1. Connect the sensor to the interface (LabQuest Mini, LabQuest 3, etc.).
- 2. Start the appropriate data-collection software (Logger Pro^{TM} , LabQuest[®] App, or Vernier Graphical Analysis®) if not already running, and choose New from File menu. The software will identify the sensor and load a default data-collection setup. You are now ready to collect data.

If you are collecting data using a ChromebookTM, mobile device such as iPad[®] or AndroidTM tablet, or a Vernier wireless interface, please see the following link for up-to-date connection information:

www.vernier.com/start/fp-bta

Using the Product

Zeroing the Sensor

In some situations you may want to zero the Force Plate, because changing the physical orientation of the sensor will change the reading when no force is applied. After you have set up your experiment, use your data-collection software to zero the sensor. Also, in the case of experiments involving large impact forces, you may need to zero the reading after one impact has taken place.

The Two Switch Settings - Resolution and Range

The Force Plate has a range switch located on the side of the plate, next to the cable port. As with any instrument, there is a trade-off between resolution (the

smallest force that can be measured) and the range of forces that can be measured. In general, you should use the 850 N range if you can. If the forces exceed 850 N, you will need to use the 3500 N range. In normal use, the resolution with the different switch settings when used with a LabQuest will be 1.0 N for the -350/+3500 N range and 0.3 N for the -85/+850 N range.

The Handles

The Force Plate includes two handles and four screws. You can attach the handles to the back side of the plate using the threaded holes. Do not step on the Force Plate when the handles are attached.

With handles in place, you can support the unit by hand for pushing on a wall or other large object.

The force plate can also be hung on the wall using the cutout on the back and a sturdy wall attachment. This can be a useful configuration for measuring horizontal reaction forces of a student standing on a ladder, for example.

Videos

View videos related to this product at www.vernier.com/fp-bta

Calibrating the Sensor

Optional Calibration Procedure

For most experiments, you do not have to calibrate the Force Plate. A stored calibration is used when the software is started. Select the desired range of the sensor, and then start the data-collection program.

If you want to improve the calibration, it is easy to recalibrate following the same procedure used in calibrating most Vernier probes—a two-point calibration. One point is your zero, with no force applied to the sensor. Set the Force Plate on a level surface. Select the calibration option of the program you are using and remove all force from the Force Plate. Enter **0** (zero) as the first known intensity. Now apply a known force to the plate. The easiest way to do this is to put an object of known weight centered on the plate. For the best results, take care to accurately center the weight on the Force Plate. The weight should be at least 25% of the range used for the plate (212.5 or 875 N); for example, exercise weights could be used. Enter the weight of the mass (Note: 1 kg weighs 9.8 N). Do not exceed the selected range setting during the calibration.

Calibrations are usually retained only for the current session. Restarting the software, opening a new file, or choosing New from the File menu will reset the calibration to the default calibration. To retain calibrations across sessions, consult the instructions or help files appropriate to your software. See also www.vernier.com/til/4011/

Specifications

Force range	-350 to +3500 N or -85 to +850 N, where positive value is a compression force
Maximum non-damaging force	4500 N (1000 lb) compression
Resolution	1.0 N or 0.3 N
Dimensions	31.5 cm x 31.5 cm x 3.5 cm
Calibration function	Slope (gain): 850 N/V or 207 N/V Intercept (offset): -550 N or -135 N Force = V _{out} * 850N/V - 550 N (3500 N range) Force = V _{out} * 207 N/V - 135 N (850 N range)

Care and Maintenance

Do not wrap the cable tightly around the Force Plate for storage. Repeatedly doing so can irreparably damage the wires and is not covered under warranty.

Suggested Experiments

- Analyze a crouched jump. Start with knees bent, hands on hips. Do NOT lower your body further; jump up only. Do not move your arms. This very artificial jump is easier to analyze than a natural jump.
 - a. Use the impulse of the force to find the change in momentum; find the jumper's velocity at take-off to estimate the jump height.
 - b. Use the flight time and kinematics to find the jump height.
 - c. From the force vs. time graph, determine an acceleration vs. time graph. Integrate to find velocity and position vs. time graphs. Construct a plot of force vs. position, and use that to determine the work done on the jumper's center of mass by the floor. Since that work shows up as kinetic energy, use the energy to find the velocity at take-off.
- Repeat the above analysis for a natural jump, beginning with standing straight, crouching down, and then jumping. You will be able to jump higher this way, but the analysis will be more complex.
- Investigate the forces involved during the technique known as "unweighting" during ski or snowboard turns. Can you reduce your apparent weight?
- Take the Force Plate on an elevator ride. Stand on the Force Plate, and record the force of the elevator floor on your feet as a function of time. Explain. Can you determine the speed of the elevator from the data?

References

1. R. Cross, "Standing, Walking, Running, and Jumping on a Force Plate," Am. J. Phys, 67(4), 304-309 (1999).

- 2. N.P. Linthorne, "Analysis of Standing Vertical Jumps Using a Force Platform," Am. J. Phys. 69(11), 1198-1204 (2001).
- 3. Haugland, "Physics Measurements for Sports," Phys. Teach. 39. 350–353 (Sept. 2001).

Troubleshooting

For troubleshooting and FAQs, see www.vernier.com/til/1416

Repair Information

If you have watched the related product video(s), followed the troubleshooting steps, and are still having trouble with your Vernier Force Plate, contact Vernier Technical Support at **support@vernier.com** or call 888-837-6437. Support specialists will work with you to determine if the unit needs to be sent in for repair. At that time, a Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) number will be issued and instructions will be communicated on how to return the unit for repair.

Accessories/Replacements

ItemOrder CodeForce Plate HandlesFP-HAN

Warranty

Vernier warrants this product to be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of five years from the date of shipment to the customer. This warranty does not cover damage to the product caused by abuse or improper use. This warranty covers educational institutions only.

Disposal

When disposing of this electronic product, do not treat it as household waste. Its disposal is subject to regulations that vary by country and region. This item should be given to an applicable collection point for the recycling of electrical and electronic equipment. By ensuring that this product is disposed of correctly, you help prevent potential negative consequences on human health or on the environment. The recycling of materials will help to conserve natural resources. For more detailed information about recycling this product, contact your local city office or your disposal service.

The symbol, shown here, indicates that this product must not be disposed of in a standard waste container.



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