

# Instrumentation Amplifier

## (Order Code INA-BTA)



Our Instrumentation Amplifier is designed to condition signals to be compatible with Vernier interface products. The amplifier provides the necessary gain and offset to allow you to connect a wide variety of measurement equipment to your interface and electronically collect, store, and analyze the data. The Instrumentation Amplifier can also be used as a voltage probe in circuits having small potential differences, such as when investigating resistivity in metal rods (see Experiment #9, Electrical Resistance, in *Advanced Physics with Vernier—Beyond Mechanics*).

Although you may calibrate your software to display otherwise, your interface unit can only measure a potential difference (voltage). Many laboratory instruments produce a voltage that varies as the instrument reading changes. Examples include gas chromatographs, spectrophotometers, light meters, and sound meters. If you are familiar with electronics, you may be able to go inside the instrument and find out where to measure this voltage signal. Some instruments have chart recorder terminals that are designed for this purpose. Test the voltage range of this signal. If the voltage happens to vary over a range that matches your interface, then the signal can be fed directly to the interface and monitored by the software. More likely, the voltage signal will need to be amplified before it can be monitored.

**Note:** Vernier products are designed for educational use. Our products are not designed nor are they recommended for any industrial, medical, or commercial process such as life support, patient diagnosis, control of a manufacturing process, or industrial testing of any kind.

### Compatible Software

See [www.vernier.com/manuals/ina-bta](http://www.vernier.com/manuals/ina-bta) for a list of software compatible with the Instrumentation Amplifier.

### Quick Start

1. Plug the sensor into the interface (LabQuest 3, LabQuest Mini, etc.).
2. Connect the interface to your device.
  - If using USB, connect to the USB port on your computer.
  - If using Bluetooth® wireless technology, click your interface type and then select your device.
3. Prepare for data collection:
  - Vernier Graphical Analysis®: Launch the app, if necessary, and click Sensor Data Collection.
  - LabQuest® App: Choose New from the File menu.

The software will identify the sensor and load a default data-collection setup. You are now ready to collect data.

### Need Additional Information?

Visit the following link:

[www.vernier.com/start-lq-sensor](http://www.vernier.com/start-lq-sensor)

### Using the Product

#### Using the Instrumentation Amplifier with a Gas Chromatograph

If your voltage readings are noisy, you should connect the Earth ground of the Gas Chromatograph to the black post on the end of the Instrumentation Amplifier box where the sensor cable is located. Connecting the Earth ground in this way should reduce or eliminate any electronic noise.

Also, keep in mind that LabQuest App has a Peak Integration tool that can be used to integrate and quantify GC peaks. Once you have collected GC data, you can simply choose Peak Integration from the Analyze menu. On this dialog, you can select and integrate peaks one at a time. **Note:** This feature is not available in Graphical Analysis or Graphical Analysis Pro.

#### Using the Instrumentation Amplifier as a Current Meter

The Instrumentation Amplifier can be used to monitor current instead of voltage. By placing a resistor between the terminals, the voltage amplified becomes proportional to the current according to

$$I = (V/G)/R$$

where  $V$  is the voltage read,  $G$  is the gain setting of the amplifier, and  $R$  is the resistor value. To monitor current in a circuit, you want to choose a small resistor value; for example  $0.1\Omega$  or  $1\Omega$  resistor with a rating of at least  $1W$ .

For monitoring a current output device, you will need to choose a termination resistor that is appropriate for that device (call for details or consult the manufacturers specifications). For best accuracy, perform a calibration using an open circuit and a known current source. One of the Vernier Current Probes can be used for this application.

### Specifications

Gain settings	150, 75, 7.5, 15, 3, and $1.5\pm 5\%$
Linearity	1%
Power	2.5 mA @ 5VDC
Frequency response	0-10kHz (f3dB)

Impedance 1M $\Omega$  to ground

Calibration values

+/-1V	slope: 0.471648	intercept: -0.8584
+/-200mV	slope: 0.117912	intercept: -0.2146
+/-20mV	slope: 0.013181	intercept: -0.02399
0-1V	slope: 0.308642	intercept: 0
0-200mV	slope: 0.062617	intercept: 0
0-20mV	slope: 0.006636	intercept: 0

**Care and Maintenance**

Do not wrap the cable tightly around the sensor for storage. Repeatedly doing so can irreparably damage the wires and is not covered under warranty.

**How the Sensor Works**

The amplifier is a monolithic instrumentation amplifier with variable gain and offset settings. An instrumentation amplifier contains precision feedback components and circuitry that is necessary for small signal amplification.

The Instrumentation Amplifier does three primary tasks:

- Provides six different gain settings to amplify small signals to levels appropriate for our interfacing equipment.
- Offsets the voltage so it is always in the range of 0 to 3.5 volts. This allows the amplifier to be used with negative signals even though some of our interfaces only use 0-5 V inputs.
- Provides filtering of high frequency signals. Wires that connect the instrument to the amplifier are prone to pick up electrical noise much like a radio antenna. By filtering out these signals, only the data of interest are left.

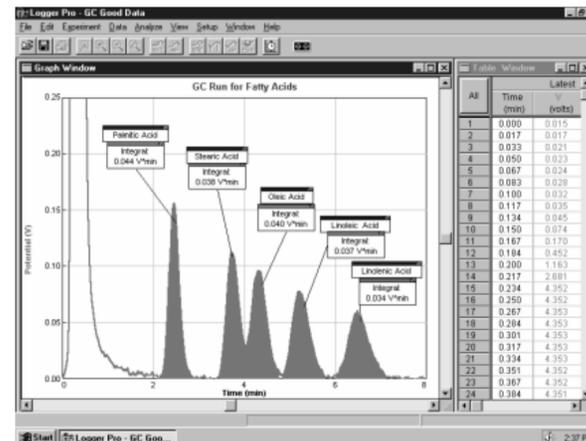
When set to the 20 mV, 200 mV, and 1 V positions, the amplification is set to 150, 15, and 3 respectively. The difference in voltage at the red and black terminal is amplified and output with reference to ground.

When set to  $\pm 20$  mV,  $\pm 200$  mV, and  $\pm 1$  V setting, the amplification is set to 75, 7.5, and 1.5 respectively. The difference in voltage at the red and black terminal is amplified and output with reference to 1.85 V.

**Tips**

**Amplify an Instrument's Chart Recorder Output**

Many lab instruments provide a low voltage output designed for interfacing to a chart recorder. You may use these outputs with the Instrumentation Amplifier to interface to a computer. This graph shows the output of a gas chromatograph processing a sample of fatty acids dissolved in toluene solvent.



*Data collected using an Instrumentation Amplifier and GOW-Mac Series 350 Gas Chromatograph*

**Troubleshooting**

For troubleshooting and FAQs, see [www.vernier.com/tit/1418](http://www.vernier.com/tit/1418)

**Repair Information**

If you have followed the troubleshooting steps and are still having trouble with your Instrumentation Amplifier, contact Vernier Technical Support at [support@vernier.com](mailto:support@vernier.com) or call 888-837-6437. Support specialists will work with you to determine if the unit needs to be sent in for repair. At that time, a Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) number will be issued and instructions will be communicated on how to return the unit for repair.

**Accessories/Replacements**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Order Code</b>
Resistivity Rod Set	RRS
Miniature Alligator Clips for Vernier Circuit Board 2	VCB-GATOR

**Warranty**

Warranty information for this product can be found on the Support tab at [www.vernier.com/ina-bta](http://www.vernier.com/ina-bta)

General warranty information can be found at [www.vernier.com/warranty](http://www.vernier.com/warranty)

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